

GLOBAL ATLAS OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONFLICTS LAUNCHED IN BRUSSELS

A crucial feature of the project and the Atlas is that grassroots movements for environmental justice are the key for moving towards more just, equitable and less damaging forms of consumption and production. According to Atlas coordinator Leah Temper "Only once communities stand up and say we will no longer be polluted, will governments and companies change their behaviour."

Leah Temper will launch the Atlas at the 19 March Mapping Environmental Justice event in Brussels, which is coorganised by the European Environmental Bureau and the United Nations Environment Programme's Liaison Office to the EU Institutions.

The Environmental Justice Organisations, Liabilities and Trade (EJOLT) project launches today its Global Atlas of Environmental Justice, a visually attractive and interactive online mapping platform detailing around 1000

environmental conflicts (and growing). It allows users to search and filter across 100 fields and to **browse by commodity, company, country and type of conflict**. With one click you can find a global snapshot of nuclear, waste or water conflicts, or the places where communities have an issue with a particular mining or chemical company. Click on any point to find the actors and a conflict description with the outcome and sources. **Maps you create using the search and filter can be shared on your webpage or facebook**. Featured maps will focus on issues ranging from **fracking** to conflicts over **mega-infrastructure projects** to maps on **violent targeting of activists**.

The Atlas is a product of the EU-funded **EJOLT project**. Over 100 people from 23 universities and environmental justice organisations in 18 countries plus dozens of independent collaborators from all around the world have joined forces to create this huge and valuable resource. The project is coordinated by Professor Joan Martinez-Alier and his team of ecological economists from the Autonomous University of Barcelona (ICTA-UAB).

"The Atlas illustrates how ecological conflicts are increasing around the world, driven by material demands fed primarily by the rich and middle class subsections of the global population," says Martinez-Alier. "The most impacted are poor, marginalized and indigenous communities. They usually do not have the political power to ensure access to environmental justice and health." **Over 2000 different corporations and financial institutions are involved.** This includes many corporate and state actors from developed countries, but with growing participation from the emerging economies.

While the map highlights disturbing trends, such as continuing corporate impunity for environmental crimes and the fact that 80% of the cases entail a loss of livelihood, it is also inspiring. Amidst the stories of environmental devastation, political repression and persecution of activists, many cases of environmental justice victories can be found. Court cases were won, projects were cancelled and sometimes, the commons were reclaimed. 17% of the cases in the map are considered environmental justice victories.

The Atlas will make it easier to find information, connect with other groups working on related issues and increase the visibility of environmental conflicts. It can also be used for teaching and advocacy work. For the moment, the map is similar to ancient world maps, with good coverage of some areas and blanks spots. The goal now is to reach out to many new civil society organisations and researchers with specific areas of expertise and invite them to contribute to expanding the base of knowledge.